

7 HABITS OF AN EFFECTIVE READER

Mrs. Fulton and Mrs. Harriman



Journal: Reading

- What do you do when you read? Do you do anything special to think about what you have read?

What are the 7
habits?

- Visualizing
- Questioning
- Making connections
- Predicting
- Inferring
- Determining importance
- Synthesizing

Visualizing

- Form a mental image or other picture
- Sample statements:
 - “I can see...”
 - “I imagine...”
 - “That gives me a picture of....”





QUESTIONING

- ASK QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND OR ARE NOT SURE OF—WHAT HAPPENED, WHY CHARACTERS DID CERTAIN THINGS ETC.
- SAMPLE STATEMENTS:
 - "I WONDER....."
 - "WHAT IF....."
 - "WHY..."
 - "I DO NOT GET....."

Making Connections

Text to Text



Another book I read had something similar to this!
This is different than another book I read.

Text to Self



Something similar happened to me! This reminds me of...

Text to World



Reminds me of something I've heard about before.

Text to Media



Reminds me of something seen or heard on the radio, internet, or TV.

I can use what I already know (prior knowledge)
to help me understand what I am reading!

MAKING CONNECTION

- Think about how the text relates to other texts (text-to-text), to you (text-to-self), and to the world (text-to-world)
- How do these connections help you better understand the text or its characters?
- Sample statements:
 - “This reminds me of...”
 - “This part/character is like...”
 - “I have a connection to...”

PREDICTING

- Based on your reading, think about what will happen next.
- As you continue to read, see if your predictions were correct or not.
- ❖ Sample statements:
 - “I predict that...”
 - “Since this happened, I think that...”
 - “I bet...”



INFERRING

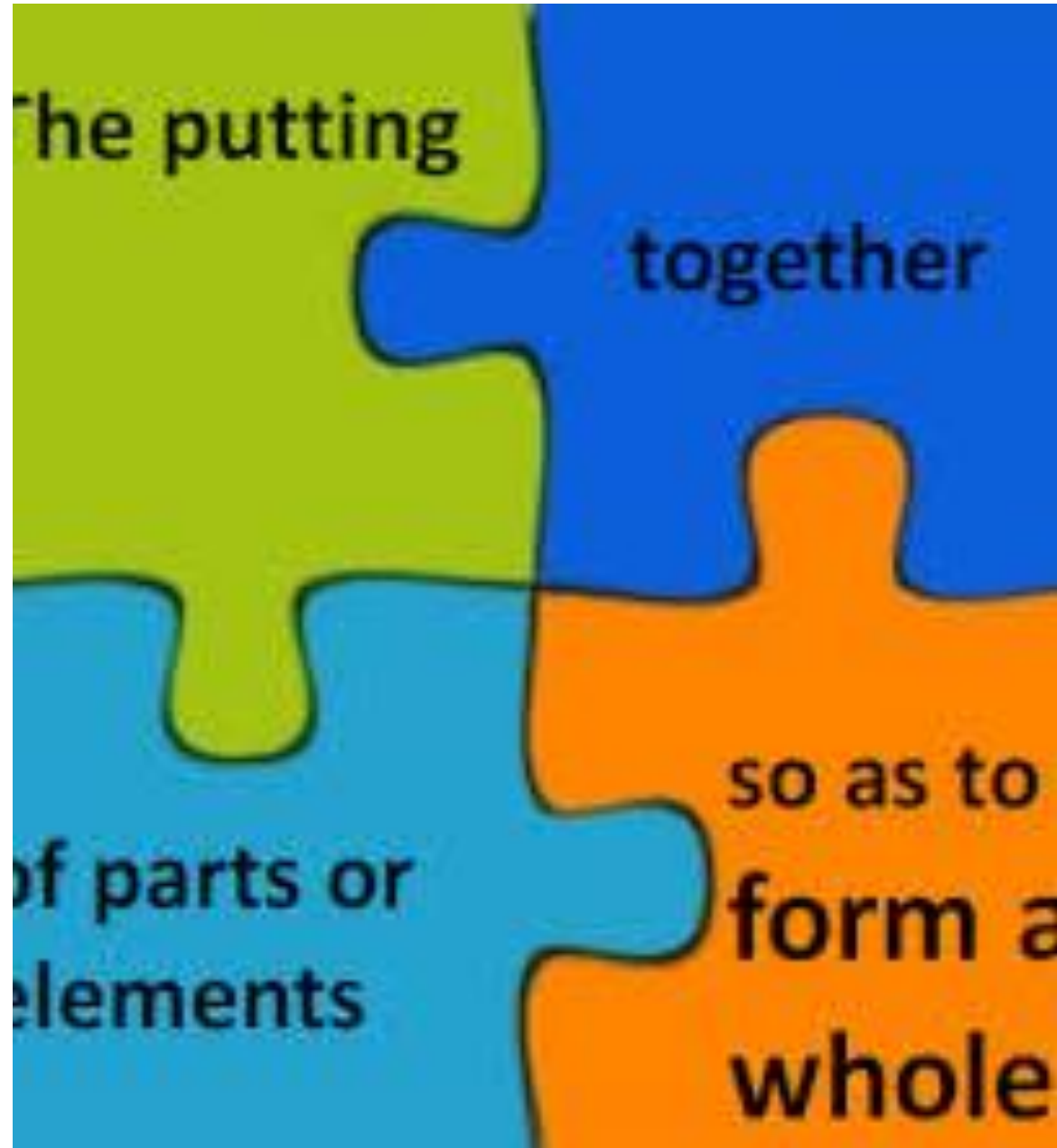
- Draw conclusions about the text based on what you read (“reading between the lines”)
- Details from the text should support your inferences
- Sample statements:
 - “Because of this, I know...”
 - “I can tell that...because...”
 - “This detail shows me that...”



DETERMINING IMPORTANCE

- Decide which characters, events, or other ideas are most important to the text
- Knowing what's important allows you to effectively summarize
- Sample statements:
 - “This is important because...”
 - “This part is key because...”





SYNTHESIZING

- Synthesizing means creating new knowledge □ Effective synthesis shows you truly understand the text □ Sample statements: □ “The point of this is...” □ “The theme of this text is...” □ “The central idea of this text is...”